



**NARUC**  
National Association of Regulatory  
Utility Commissioners

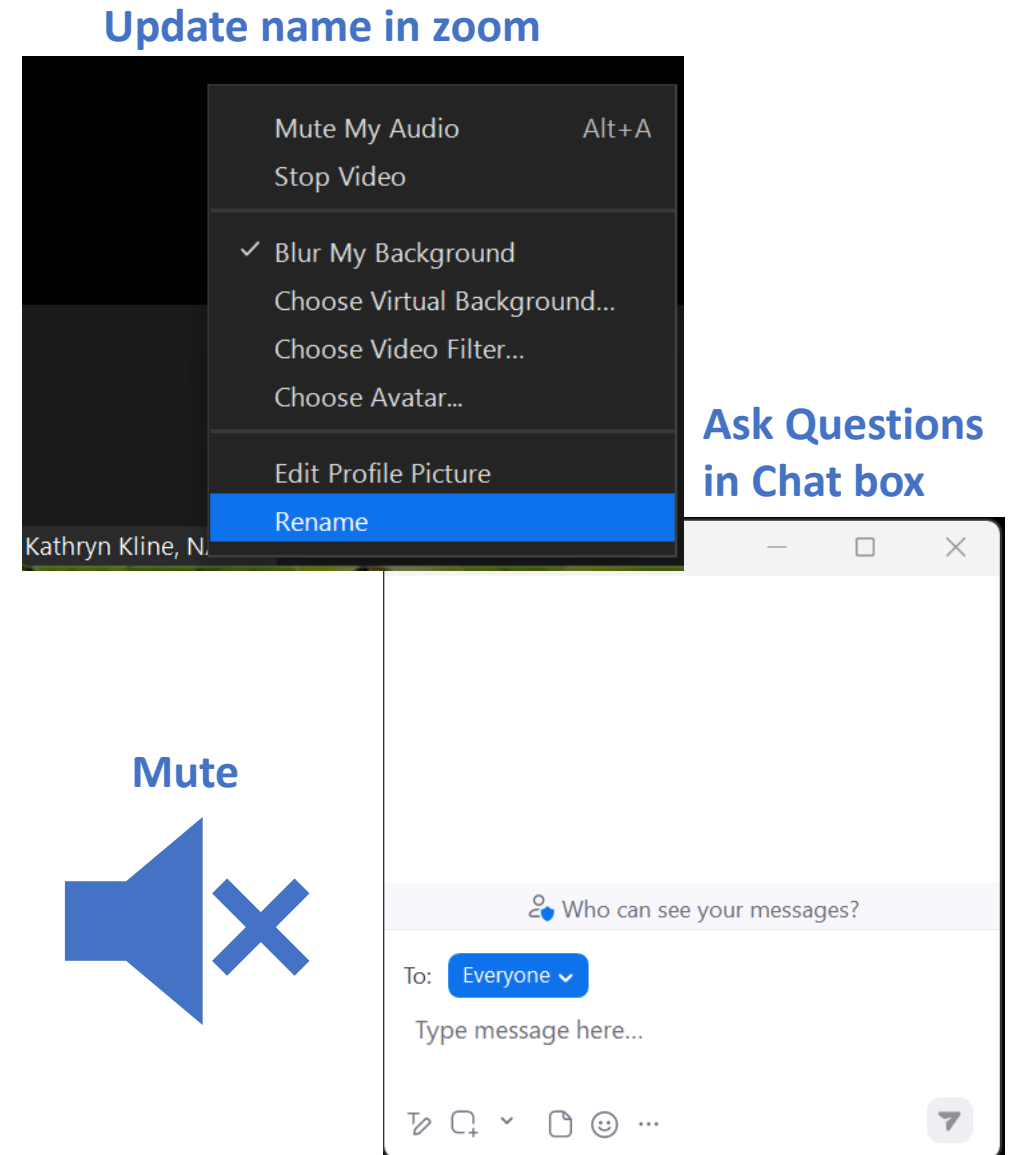
# NASEO-NARUC Advanced Nuclear State Collaborative Webinar- Facilitating Equitable Community Engagement to Support the Deployment of Advanced Nuclear

August 17, 2023

Thank you to the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Nuclear Energy for their support of this event.

# Webinar Housekeeping

- 1 Please remain on mute during the webinar.
  - 2 Ensure your zoom profile name includes your **name** and **affiliation** (ex. John Doe, OCC) You can do this by right clicking on your name and selecting “rename”.
  - 3 Enter questions into the chat box. The moderator will ask panelists questions from the chat box after the presentations.
  - 4 Be respectful of other attendees.
- ⚠ Disruptive participants will be removed from the meeting.



*Moderator:* Molly Cripps, Director, Office of Energy Programs,  
Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation

*Speakers:*

- Christine King, Director, Gateway for Acceleration of Advanced Nuclear Initiative, Idaho National Laboratory
- Kara Colton, Director of Nuclear Energy, Energy Communities Alliance
- Jackie Toth, Deputy Director, Good Energy Collective

# *State Engagement Overview*

August 17, 2023

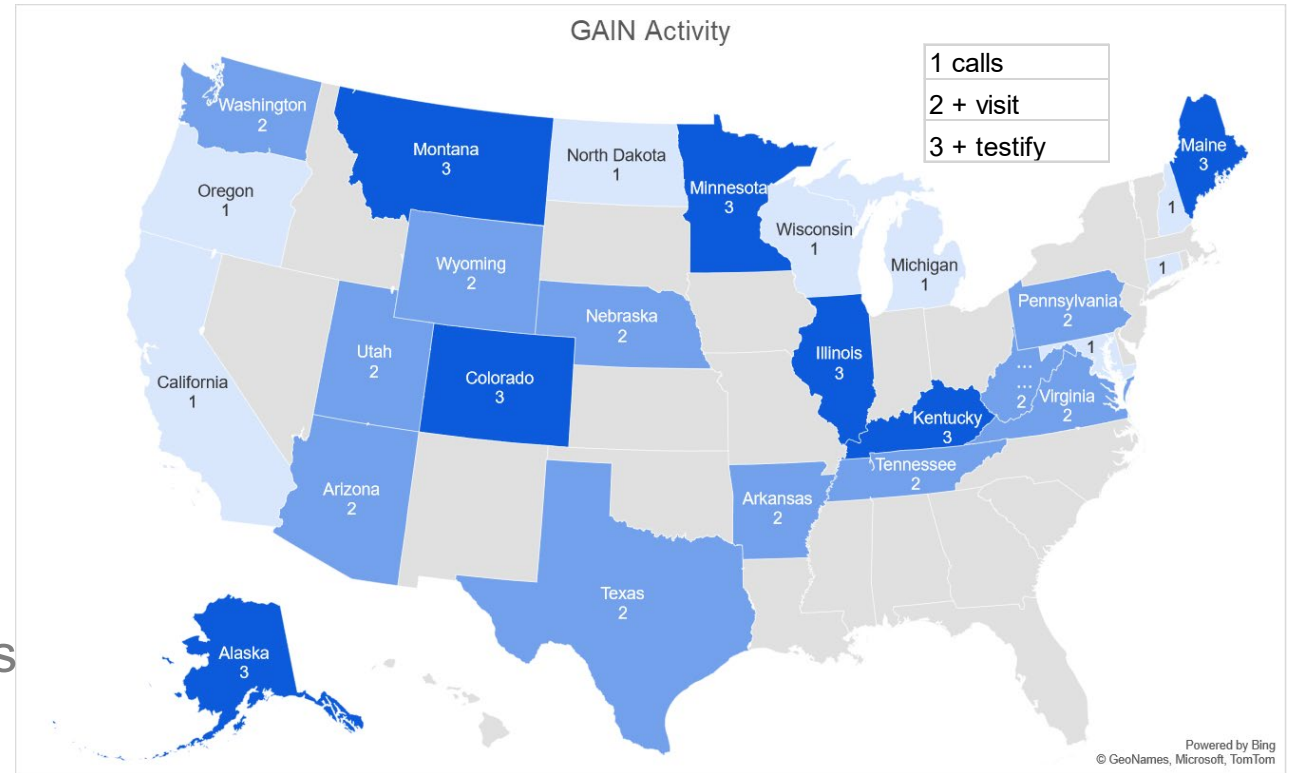
Christine King, Director

**GAIN**

**NARUC-NASEO Advanced Nuclear Webinar**

# GAIN Approach

- Primary objectives:
  - Bridge the gap
  - Help introduce and demystify nuclear
  - Provide technical support
  - Share what we have learned
- Principles
  - Only go where we are invited
  - Show up and listen
  - Customized support
  - Be committed to multiple engagements
  - Informing, not educating, not selling

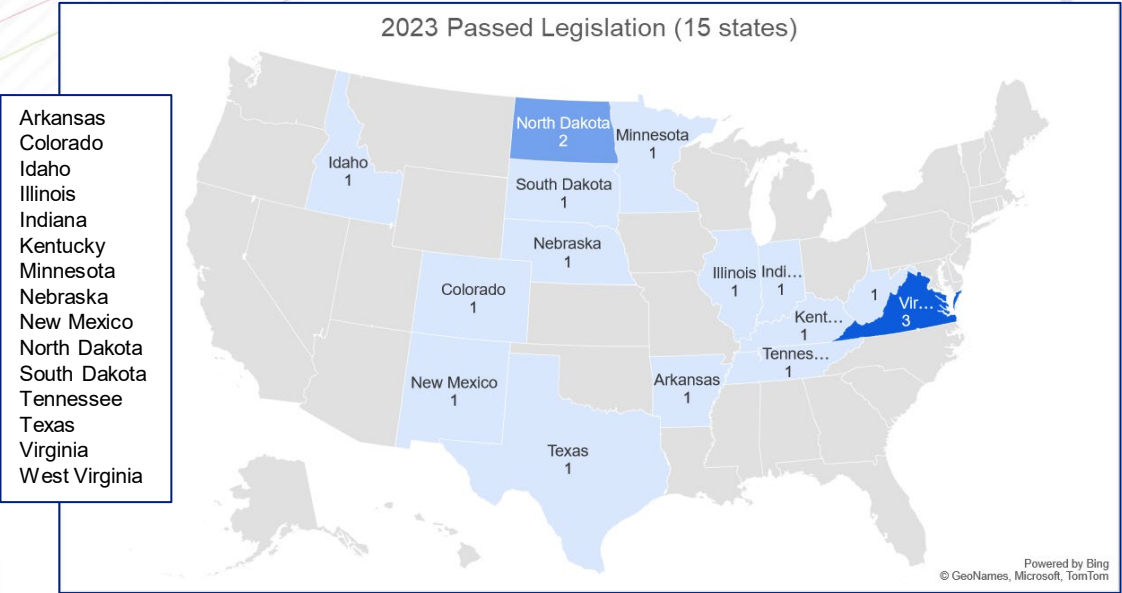


Successful Engagement: Our state/local partners...

- know the value of local/region assets
- become a better nuclear customer
- understand how to engage



# U.S. SNAPSHOT

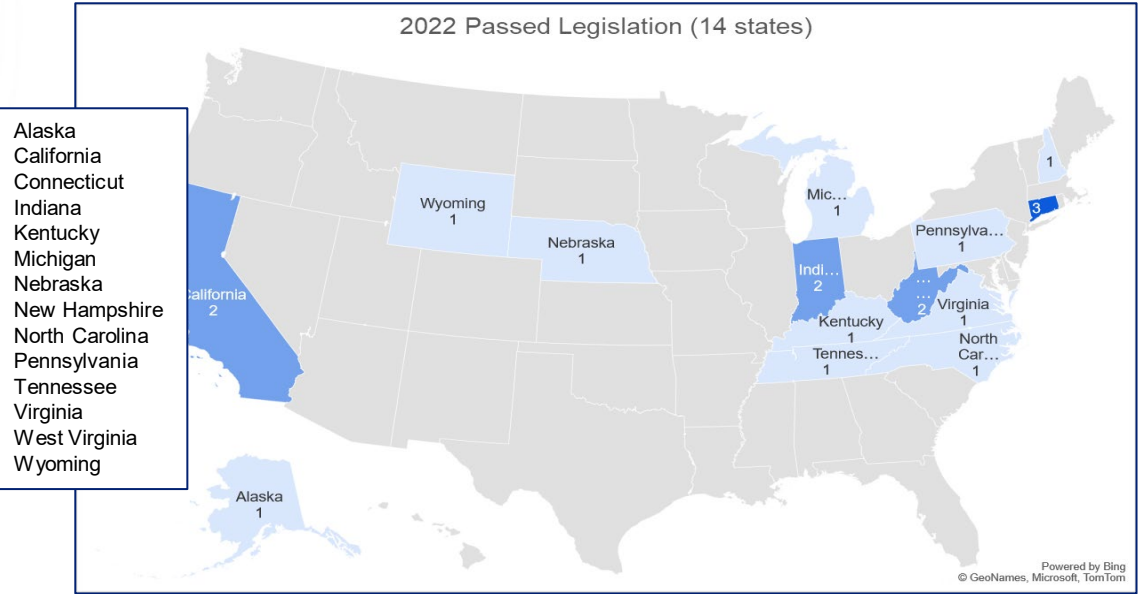


## 34 Bills in 23 States

- 13 Study/Task Forces
- 6 Regulatory/Permitting
- 2 Workforce (NE, VA)
- 5 Energy Targets
- 2 NRC Agreement (IN,CT)
- 2 Moratoria Lifted (CT, WV)
- 2 Existing Fleet (CA)
- 2 Waste/Interim Storage (AR, NM)

|          | 2022 Legislation |          | 2023 Legislation |          |
|----------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|          | # Bills          | # States | # Bills          | # States |
| Proposed | 67               | 27       | 111              | 32       |
| Passed   | 19               | 14*      | 18               | 15*      |

\*TN, KY, NE, WV, IN, VA passed bills in both years



# Ongoing State Level Studies

| State         | Bill #       | Description  | Milestones | \$ Allocated                 |
|---------------|--------------|--|------------|------------------------------|
| Tennessee     | Ex Order 101 | Creates Tennessee Nuclear Energy Advisory Council to recommend legislative, policy, and budgetary changes to address existing barriers to new nuclear deployment, funding opportunities for both public and private entities, storage and waste practices, and federal actions Tennessee should pursue.  | Oct-23     | \$50 M                       |
| Pennsylvania  | HR 238       | Directs the Joint State Government Commission to conduct a study on the benefits of nuclear energy and small modular reactors and provide recommendations on how to maximize the benefits of nuclear energy and small modular reactors.  | Nov-23     |                              |
| Kentucky      | SJR 79       | Establishes the Nuclear Energy Development Working Group within the Energy and Environment Cabinet.  | Dec-23     |                              |
| New Hampshire | HB 543       | Establishes a commission to study nuclear power and nuclear reactor technology in New Hampshire.   | Dec-23     |                              |
| North Dakota  | HCR 3034     | Directs the Legislative Management to consider studying sustainable energy policies to maximize the economic viability of existing energy sources, assess future demands on electricity in the state, and determine the feasibility of advanced nuclear energy development and transmission in the state | Dec-23     |                              |
| Michigan      | HB 6019      | Provides for a feasibility study on building nuclear energy in State.  | Feb-24     | \$250K                       |
| Nebraska      | LB 1014      | Appropriates funding for a feasibility study to assess advanced reactor siting options and the compatibility of existing electric generation facilities in the state with advanced nuclear reactors.   | May-24     | \$1M                         |
| Colorado      | HB23-1247    | Requires the Colorado Energy Office to conduct a study for northwest Colorado and southeast Colorado in terms of advanced energy systems including advanced nuclear energy   | Jul-25     | \$50K State + \$166K Federal |
| Nebraska      | LR178        | Creates the "Small Modular Nuclear Reactor Study Committee" as an interim committee in the legislature to study the feasibility of constructing and operating small modular nuclear reactors at coal plants.   | ?          |                              |
| South Dakota  | SCR 601      | Creates an interim legislative committee to study potential use of nuclear power in South Dakota   | ?          |                              |

# Completed State Level Studies

| State       | Bill #        | Description  |
|-------------|---------------|--|
| Connecticut | HB 5200       | Requires a study to be conducted on hydrogen power and include an examination of sources of clean hydrogen including (but not limited to) nuclear.   |
| Virginia    | HB 894        | The bill establishes the Southwest Virginia Energy Research and Development Authority and creates a stakeholder working group to identify strategies and policies for (a) promoting the development of advanced small modular reactors in localities in the Commonwealth that formerly hosted fossil fuel electric generation facilities and (b) siting such reactors on brownfield sites or former military sites in such localities. |
| Kentucky    | SCR 171       | A Resolution requesting that the Legislative Research Commission examine funding sources and research institutions capable of conducting a feasibility study of advanced nuclear energy technology for electric power generation in the Commonwealth.  |
| Maryland    |               | Maryland Energy Authority Coal Transition Feasability Study  |
| Virginia    | SB1464/HB2386 | Creates the Virginia Power Innovation Fund to be used for the research and development of innovative energy technologies including nuclear and establishing a Virginia nuclear innovation hub.   |

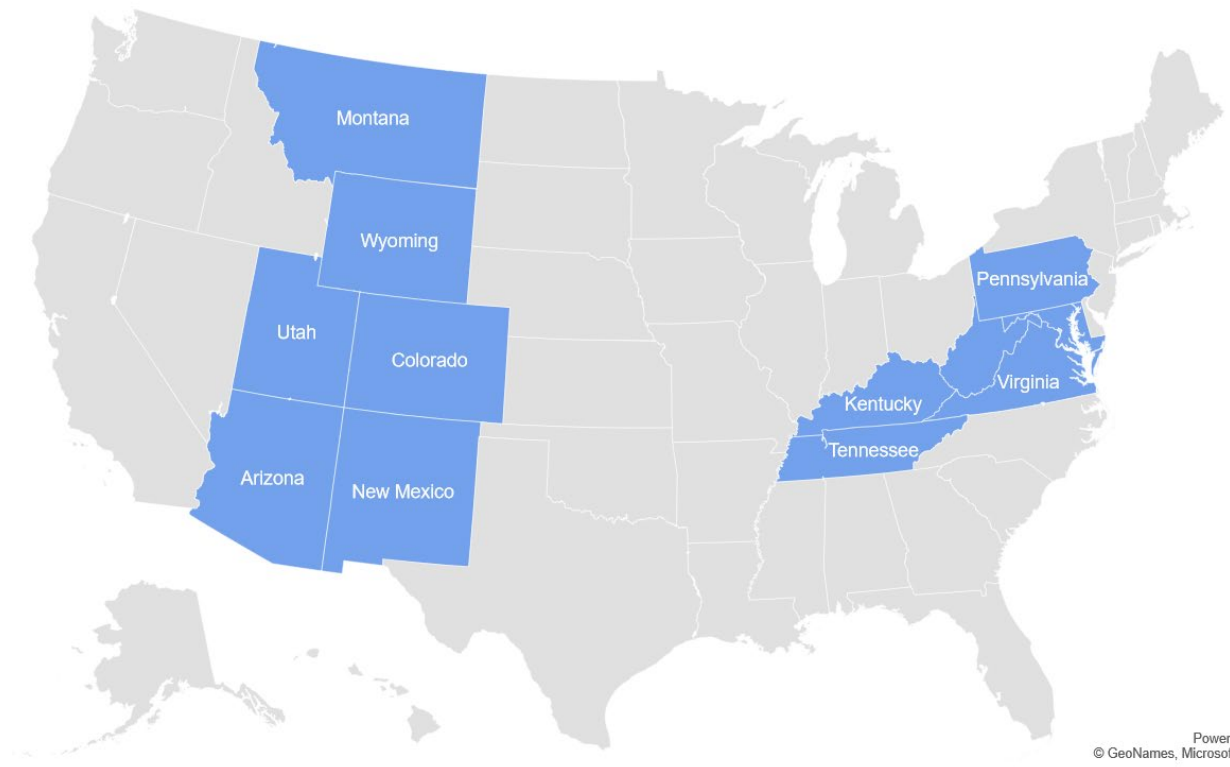


# COAL TO NUCLEAR *ENERGY COMMUNITY TRANSITIONS*



- **Primarily rural under-resourced communities affected**
- **Utilities are small and don't have big enough balance sheet to carry large nuclear projects**
- **Mixed models of ownership and desires**
- **Who should move first? Community or State or Utility**

Active Coal Transitions



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## ***Coronado Generating Station***

**Primary Objective: Assess the feasibility of transitioning from coal to nuclear; Learnings will help 6 other coal units within commuting distance**

Partnered with Salt River Project and St Johns Mayor's Office  
Plant is in same county as Navajo Nation



Owned/Operated by Louisville Gas and Electric  
Company and Kentucky Utilities Company  
Located in Carroll County, KY

## ***Ghent Generating Station***

**Primary Objective: Assess the feasibility of transitioning from coal to nuclear to support nearby industrial customers**

Station retirement is planned in 2040s.

Coronado Generating Station Studies will be published in September.  
Ghent Generating Station will be published by year end.



# COAL TO NUCLEAR *ENERGY COMMUNITY TRANSITIONS*



## Coal to Nuclear Research Group

Ensure that our work is coordinated across organizations such that it is timely and not duplicative to the needs of decision makers for fossil stations.

Upcoming Reports from:

EPRI

GAIN

Third Way





# COAL TO NUCLEAR *ENERGY COMMUNITY TRANSITIONS*



*Save  
THE  
Date*

## **Adding Nuclear to the Mix Conference**

**November 14 & 15  
Morgantown, West Virginia**

DAY 1 – What do we know? Conference

- Latest Research Recommendations
- Updates from Early Movers
- Utility Perspectives
- Community Perspectives

Expert Filled Reception (think science fair)

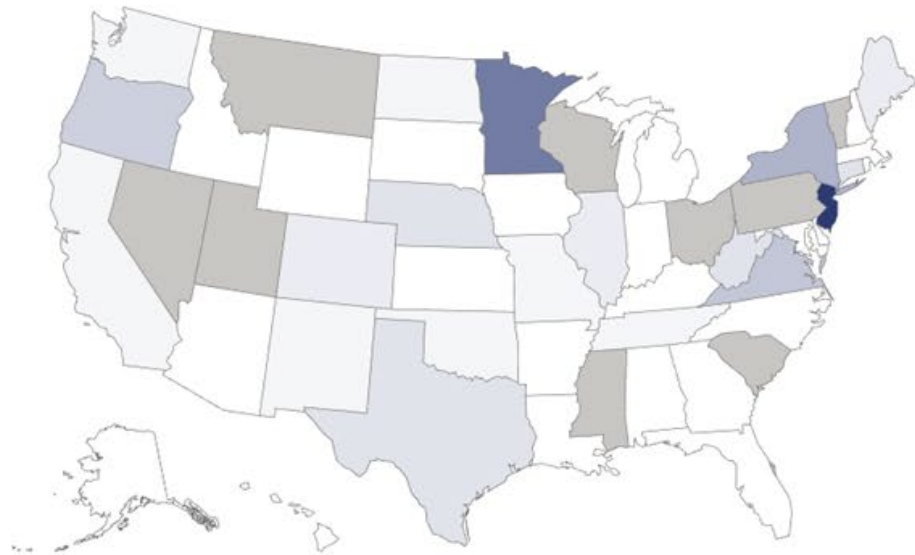
DAY 2 – What do you want to know?  
Workshop on various topics related to repurposing/repowering projects

## ***Additional Resources***



# Reg Dashboard – No Analysis, Just one stop

## More Information




## Proposed Legislation

Updated on: 06/01/2023

| State | Bill Link | Status  | Topics                                   | Overview  |
|-------|-----------|---------|--|---|
| NY    | A 1787    | Pending | Energy Targets                           | Establishes a plan to meet 100% clean energy system by 2032 with renewables; phases out nuclear power by 2029   |
| NJ    | A 3361    | Pending | Waste / Fees                             | Requires owners of decommissioned nuclear power plant where spent nuclear fuel is stored to make community service payment instead of property taxes every year before August 1   |
| NJ    | A 3362    | Pending | Waste / Fees                             | Subjects spent nuclear fuel located in a decommissioned nuclear power plant to taxation as business personal property.  |
| NJ    | A 3363    | Pending | Nuclear Finance / Waste                  | Deems spent nuclear fuel from a decommissioned nuclear power plant as real property subject to taxation   |
| NJ    | A 3364    | Pending | Waste / Fees                             | Permits the governing body of a municipality that houses a decommissioned nuclear power plant containing spent nuclear fuel to levy a stranded nuclear waste fee on the plant owner for every year the fuel remains within the facility   |
| NY    | A 3449    | Pending | Nuclear Finance / Existing Nuclear Fleet | Prohibits public utility companies to charge residents more than 25 cents per month to purchase the zero emissions credits  |
| NY    | A 3592    | Pending | Waste / Fees                             | "Provides for funding for emergency management services for certain counties with non-operational nuclear power plants"   |
| NJ    | A 4064    | Pending | SMRs / Finance                           | Defines small modular reactor; directs the Board of Public Utilities to establish rules and regulations pertaining to building and operating SMRs in the state; authorizes the New Jersey Economic Development Authority (EDA) to provide incentives for construction and operation of small modular nuclear reactors utilizing funds from the "Global Warming Solutions Fund"  |
| NJ    | A 4561    | Pending | Nuclear Workforce                        | Establishes Wind and Nuclear Production Apprenticeship Grant Program, which would provide funds to newly-established apprenticeship programs in the wind and nuclear power industries within the state  |
| NJ    | A 4592    | Pending | Nuclear Finance / Advanced Nuclear       | "Establishes two tax credits and a financial grant related to the construction and operation of advanced nuclear energy facilities"; creates "New Jersey Advanced Nuclear Energy Development Program" within NJ Economic Development Authority to incentivize construction of advanced nuclear energy facilities and developers will be eligible for tax credit incentives for constructing and producing energy at the facilities. |
| NJ    | A 4658    | Pending | Energy Target / Regulatory /             | Revises renewable energy portfolio standards so Class I renewable energy  |

# Milestones – Not everything, but balanced view

← Back

 Gateway for Accelerated Innovation in Nuclear

## Milestones in Advanced Nuclear

Milestones

88 All Milestones

88 Newly Added

88 Tech Development

88 Policy

88 Regulatory

88 Finance

88 Clean Energy & Integrated...

Downloadable Data

Informational Resources

Downloadable Data


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### US MARVEL Microreactor Protot...

DATE

5/23/2023

DESCRIPTION

The full-scale replica of the US Department of Energy's MARVEL microreactor has relocated from Idaho National Laboratory (INL) to the Creative Engineers, Inc. facility...




### Oklo Announces Plans for Two N...

DATE

5/22/2023


DESCRIPTION

Oklo, a company based in Santa Clara, California, has signed an agreement with the Southern Ohio Diversification Initiative (SODI) to develop two nuclear plants on a...



### NANO Nuclear Energy to Build F...

DATE



### NuScale Signs MOU with Nucor ...

DATE

Milestone

Tennessee Governor Establishes Nuclear Advisory Council

Date

5/19/2023

Description

Tennessee Governor Bill Lee signed Executive Order 101 which established the Tennessee Nuclear Energy Advisory Council. The order calls for a 15-member advisory council to deliver legislative and policy changes to overcome barriers to nuclear growth, address workforce and educational challenges, seek funding opportunities for various sectors, promote sustainable storage and waste practices, and advocate for federal collaboration to advance the state's objectives. The council will include members of the governor's administration, the General Assembly, the state's congressional delegation, and important stakeholders in the nuclear industry.

*Why is this important?*

A concerted effort by the Governor to assess potential barriers to advanced nuclear deployment in the state and recommend policy changes is a firm indication of Tennessee's readiness to explore nuclear energy. As well as creating the Nuclear Energy Advisory Council, Executive Order 101 allocates \$50 million to provide grants for nuclear power-related businesses that relocate or grow in Tennessee.

Hide 7 hidden fields ^

Web Resources

TN Governor Launches Nuclear Advisory Council

Source

URL

<https://publications.tnsosfiles.com/pub/execorders...>

Executive Order 101 TN

Source

URL

<https://publications.tnsosfiles.com/pub/execorders...>

15



# What is SMR or Adv Rx or Gen IV? Taxonomy

|       |                          |  |                         |                       |               | Code                |
|-------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| State | Bill Reference           | SMR/AR/Gen IV?   | Time                    | Size Range            | Features/Tech | Added in 2023       |
| MO    | <a href="#">HB 1684</a>  | Clean baseload electric generating units                 |                         | Less than 200 MW      |               |                     |
| MO    | <a href="#">HB 225</a>   | Clean baseload electric generating units                 |                         | 600 MW or less        |               | Removed and amended |
| PA    | <a href="#">SB979</a>    | Advanced Nuclear   |                         |                       | x             |                     |
| IL    | <a href="#">SB 0076</a>  | Advanced nuclear reactor                                 | After December 27, 2020 |                       |               |                     |
| MT    | <a href="#">SJ 3</a>     | Advanced nuclear reactor                                 |                         | 200 to 500 MW         |               |                     |
| WA    | <a href="#">S5244</a>    | Advanced nuclear reactor                                 |                         |                       | x             |                     |
| WY    | <a href="#">HB131</a>    | Advanced nuclear reactor                                 | After Jan 1, 2021       |                       |               |                     |
| KY    | <a href="#">SCR171</a>   | Advanced nuclear reactor / technology                    |                         |                       |               |                     |
| MN    | <a href="#">SF4163</a>   | Advanced Nuclear Reactors                                |                         |                       |               |                     |
| NE    | <a href="#">LB 1100</a>  | Advanced Nuclear Reactors                                |                         |                       |               |                     |
| OH    | <a href="#">HB434</a>    | Advanced nuclear reactors                                |                         |                       |               |                     |
| AK    | <a href="#">SB177</a>    | Microreactor   |                         | No more than 50MWe    | x             |                     |
| NJ    | <a href="#">A3074</a>    | Advanced small modular reactor, Microreactors            |                         |                       |               |                     |
| MI    | <a href="#">HB6019</a>   | Small cell nuclear reactor                               |                         |                       |               |                     |
| NJ    | <a href="#">S1384</a>    | Small-scale nuclear energy power plants                  |                         |                       |               |                     |
| MN    | <a href="#">SF 4082</a>  | Small, nuclear-powered electric generating reactor       |                         | Less than 100 MW      |               |                     |
| VA    | <a href="#">HB894</a>    | Advanced small modular reactors                          |                         |                       |               |                     |
| WV    | <a href="#">HR5</a>      | Advanced nuclear reactor, small modular nuclear reactors |                         |                       |               |                     |
| NJ    | <a href="#">A 4064</a>   | Small modular nuclear reactor                            |                         | No more than 300 MW   |               |                     |
| ME    | <a href="#">LD 1549</a>  | Small modular nuclear reactor or modular reactor         |                         | No more than 350 MW   |               |                     |
| CO    | <a href="#">SB22-073</a> | SMR  |                         | No more than 300 MW   |               |                     |
| IN    | <a href="#">SB 271</a>   | SMR  |                         | No more than 350 MW   |               |                     |
| IN    | <a href="#">SB 176</a>   | SMR  |                         | No more than 470 MW   |               |                     |
| OR    | <a href="#">SB 832</a>   | SMR  |                         | 300 MW or less        | x             |                     |
| PA    | <a href="#">HR238</a>    | SMR  |                         |                       |               |                     |
| WA    | <a href="#">S5244</a>    | SMR  |                         | No greater than 350MW |               |                     |
| NH    | <a href="#">HB543</a>    | Gen IV   |                         |                       | x             |                     |
| NH    | <a href="#">H 543</a>    | Generation IV  |                         |                       |               |                     |
| NH    | <a href="#">HB 616</a>   | Class V: Generation IV                                   | After January 1, 2024   |                       |               |                     |



# Engaging Local Leaders in Community Outreach to Build Support for Nuclear Development

NASEO-NARUC Advanced Nuclear State Collaborative Webinar  
Facilitating Equitable Community Engagement  
to Support the Deployment of Advanced Nuclear

August 17, 2023

Kara Colton  
Director of Nuclear Policy  
Energy Communities Alliance

# Who is ECA?

- ECA was formed over 30 years ago by local governments.
- ECA communities currently host DOE's national laboratories, EM cleanup sites, nuclear weapons facilities, nuclear component manufacturing, nuclear energy sites, de facto interim storage sites, and are potential hosts for nuclear waste storage and disposal facilities.
- As local elected officials, ECA members are responsible for protecting the human health and environment in their communities in a way that offers community-drive and risk-based economic opportunity.
- ECA members are invested – and already engaged – in future new nuclear development.
- Many of our communities have been engaged in various forms of nuclear-related siting for over 40 years.



**CHAIR**  
**BRENT GERRY**  
Mayor/CEO  
West Richland, WA



**VICE CHAIR**  
**REBECCA CASPER**  
Mayor  
Idaho Falls, ID



**SECRETARY**  
**CHUCK HOPE**  
Councilman  
Oak Ridge, TN



**TREASURER**  
**RANDALL RYTZ**  
Councilor  
Los Alamos County, NM



**MEMBER AT LARGE**  
**JASON CHAVEZ**  
Councilman  
Carlsbad, NM



**IMMEDIATE PAST CHAIR**  
**RON WOODY**  
former County Executive  
Roane County, TN





# ECA Members

- *Mayors*
- *Councilors*
- *Commissioners*
- *Chief Executives*
- *City/County Managers*
- *Port Authorities*
- *Economic development entities*
- *Community Reuse Organization*
- *Chambers of Commerce*
- *Universities*
- *School districts*



# ECA Mission

*To share information, establish policy positions, and ensure that local governments are meaningfully engaged, and their environmental, safety, health, and economic priorities are considered in decision-making that directly impacts nuclear host communities.*



### MISSION

The Energy Communities Alliance is the only non-profit, membership organization of local governments adjacent to or impacted by U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) activities. ECA brings together local government officials to share information, establish policy positions, and promote community interests to address an increasingly complex set of constituent, environmental, regulatory, and economic development needs.

**Find out more about ECA's policy positions, membership opportunities, or upcoming meetings and conferences:**

- [www.energyca.org](http://www.energyca.org)
- (202) 828-2317
- @EnergyCAorg

For more information, please visit ECA's web page at [www.energyca.org](http://www.energyca.org)

# ECA's New Nuclear Initiative

- To define the role of local governments in supporting the development of the new nuclear technologies.
- Chaired by Rebecca Casper, Mayor of the City of Idaho Falls, ID
- Focused around three core questions:
  1. **What do communities need to know to attract and support new nuclear development/missions?**
  2. **What and how should communities communicate to industry, national laboratories, state and federal governments about local resources and development opportunities?**
  3. **What hurdles and challenges will communities face and who can we work with to overcome them?**



# Expanding ECA Membership

- Recognizing the opportunity to amplify the voice of local leaders, ECA is expanding to include communities that host or are interested in hosting future public or private nuclear facilities.
  - *Private or public nuclear facilities include:*
    - Existing and potential nuclear energy, nuclear fuel production or manufacturing facilities and projects;
    - Advanced nuclear projects;
    - Nuclear storage or nuclear disposal facilities;
    - Decommissioned and decommissioning nuclear facilities;
    - National Laboratories;
    - Science and Defense facilities;
    - Ancillary facilities related to nuclear missions.



# Stakeholder Engagement Impacts

- **Trust**
- **Capacity** – Necessary to build enduring, informed decisions
- **Partnership around/support for a project**
- **How decisions are perceived** – “Risk” (real or perceived) must be addressed, seen as based on sound science, and there must be transparency at each step.
- **How to address environmental justice and equity** – There should be no “one- size-fits-all approach. Stakeholders around potential new nuclear development must be engaged in defining, evaluating and determining how to mitigate environmental justice and equity issues.





# How to Approach Communication and Engagement

Company/Federal Government/Regulator must engage the community (and vice versa). Announcements are not engagement

Build a working relationship and provide outreach opportunities through various channels

Definitions matter – everyone needs to be on the same page

Know and understand all goals (developer, regulator, regional/state/local government, stakeholders)

Communities need resources and experts to engage

Define opportunities, risks, timelines – be truthful and realistic

Failure to make decisions leads to failures

Be Organized

**Repeat, Repeat, Repeat**



# Stakeholder Engagement and Consent-Based Siting

- **Terms of CBS agreement** – There is no “one-size-fits-all” agreement: The conditions under which a specific community will take on a nuclear mission needs to reflect the priorities and vision of that community.
- **Informed consent yields enduring “consent”**: Local governments and states must be given resources to provide education and outreach on potential benefits and risks of a project.
- **Stakeholder vs. interested party**
- **Opportunities for Federal/State/Local/Regional Wins with Advanced Nuclear**
  - *Coal-to-Nuclear*
  - *DOE’s Cleanup to Clean Energy Initiative*
  - *Carbon Reduction Goals*
  - *Clean Energy Jobs*



# Lessons Learned:

## Successful Siting

### WIPP

- Extended timeline for engagement (10+ years)
- Recognition of national need
- Existence of a “clear” benefit for citizens of the state and local jurisdiction in which the facility was sited
- Solid local support
- Competent technical oversight by the State of New Mexico
- Intense, iterative and early outreach
- Rigorous quality assurance from the earliest stages of the project
- Credibility



# Lessons Learned

## Failed Siting

### YUCCA MOUNTAIN/PFS

- Local government, Tribal and community support alone will not lead to successful siting and deployment of new nuclear projects – support from the state government is necessary
- Local governments and state governments need to work together
- Need federal alignment



# New Global Partnership of Municipalities with Nuclear Facilities





# Joint Recommendations

- Engage early and often with host municipalities on all aspects of the nuclear project, ensuring safety and protection of human health and the environment.
- Provide resources to the host municipalities to create technical expertise in the community to be able to work cooperatively with the government/project owner.
- Create, expand, and cooperate with the host municipalities on socio-economic opportunities for the long-term sustainability of the region.
- Commit to short and long-term investment in the education, infrastructure and workforce of the host community (i.e., local purchasing from local businesses) as part of any new nuclear project.





# Thank you!

Kara Colton  
Director of Nuclear Policy  
Energy Communities Alliance  
(703) 864-3520  
kara.colton@energyca.org



**NARUC-NASEO**

**Advanced Nuclear State Collaborative**

***Facilitating Equitable Community Engagement to Support  
the Deployment of Advanced Nuclear***

**August 17, 2023**

Jackie Toth, Deputy Director



# Who We Are

**Good Energy Collective** is a women-led progressive nuclear energy policy nonprofit

We develops community-centered,  
social science-informed policies  
to enable advanced nuclear to support  
equitable energy outcomes

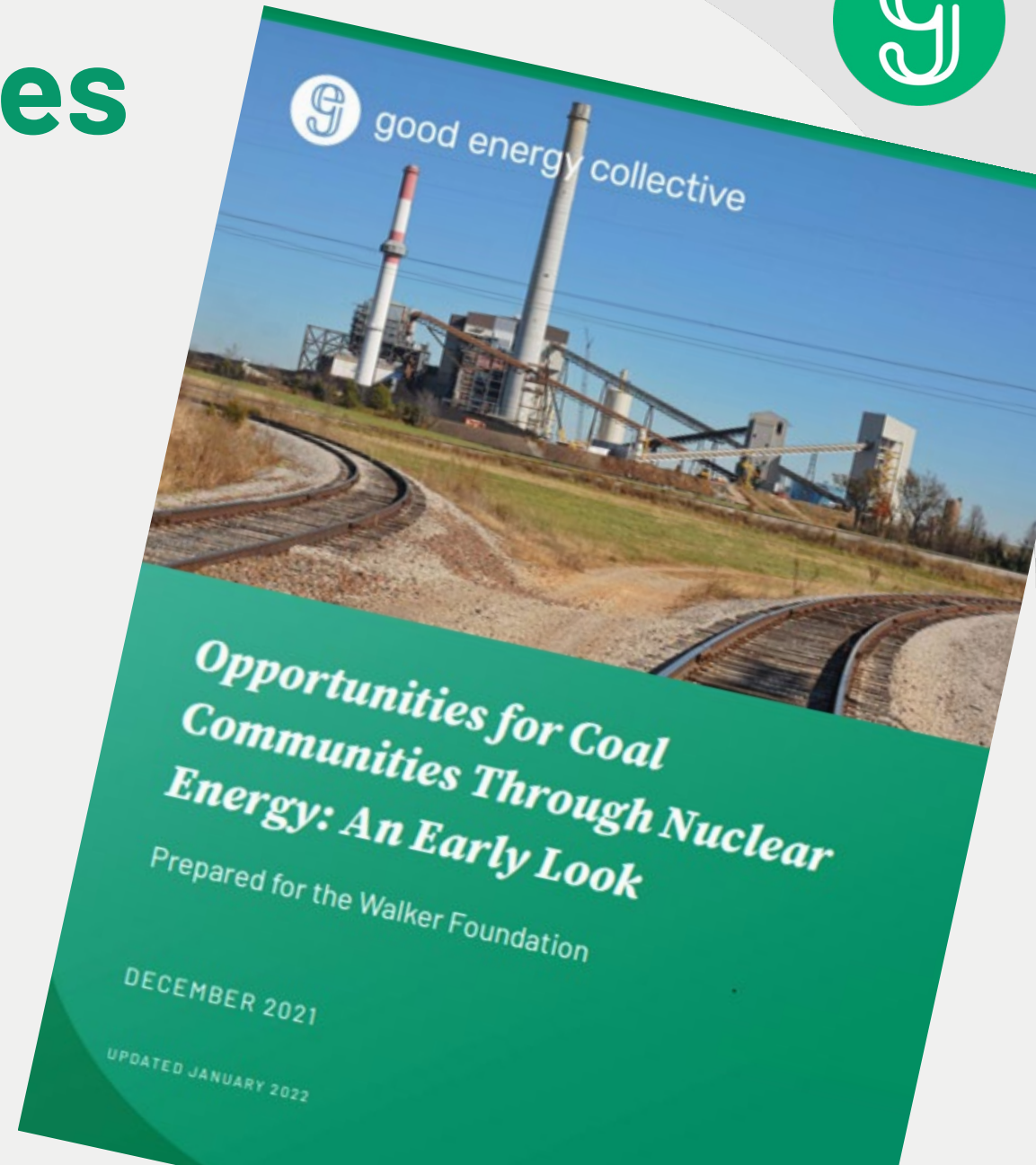


# Crafting Community-Focused Policy

- **Advance** restorative justice in legacy areas
- **Support** social science research
- **Diversify** the nuclear workforce
- **Empower** community decision-making
- **Solve** the nuclear waste stalemate

# Engagement Activities

- **Coal-to-Nuclear** Opportunities
- **Capacity-Building** for Interim Nuclear Waste Storage Facilities







# NARUC Presentations

- Nuclear Provisions in the Inflation Reduction Act (Sept. 16, 2022)
- Nuclear Energy: What Does the Public Think? (Dec. 16, 2022)



# Why This Matters

Todd Allen, University of Michigan, asked if panelists could point to any examples in which the community was actually empowered to proactively decide what energy technologies it wanted to support. Nobody could. Tuler said that the public usually is not asked what pathway it wants to pursue; instead, a developer typically has already chosen a site and an energy type before the public is invited to weigh in.

National Academies of the Sciences, *Understanding the Societal Challenges Facing Nuclear Power: Proceedings of a Workshop (2022)*

<https://nap.nationalacademies.org/catalog/26606/understanding-the-societal-challenges-facing-nuclear-power-proceedings-of-a>



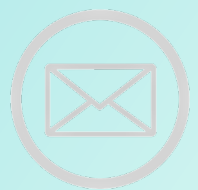
# Community Engagement 101

- **Prioritize** early relationship-building
- **Incorporate** local feedback
- **Engage**, not educate, on locals' terms
- **Assume** good faith
- **Understand** who locals listen to
- **Compensate** community members for time, analysis
- **Incorporate** Stakeholder Engagement Plans and Community Benefit Agreements



# Evaluating Company Practices

- **Clarity of purpose** in public engagement
- **Support of senior leadership**
- **Dedicated engagement specialists** and resources
- **Opt-out options** agreed-upon early



**jackie@goodenergycollective.org**



@GoodEnergyColl



/GoodEnergyColl



good-energy-collective

*Thank you for attending! At this time, we request all non-state attendees drop off the meeting for a dialogue between state utility regulators and State Energy Offices.*