

# Committee on Gas and Committee on Energy Resources and the Environment

How Clear is the Crystal Ball?
Planning for the Future of Natural
Gas





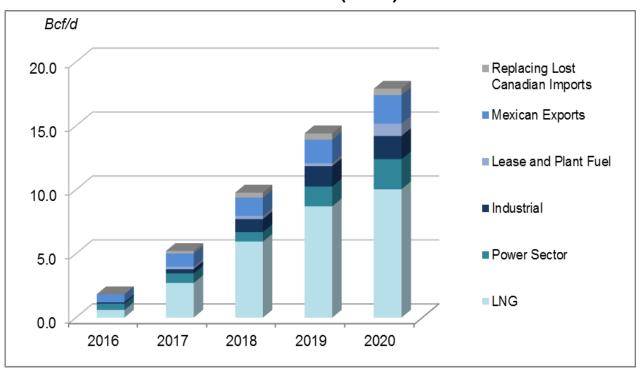
San Diego, California | July 17, 2017

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# Early Stages of Explosive Growth in U.S. Demand for Natural Gas

Potential Demand Increase in Demand for U.S. Production, 2017–2020 (Bcf/d)



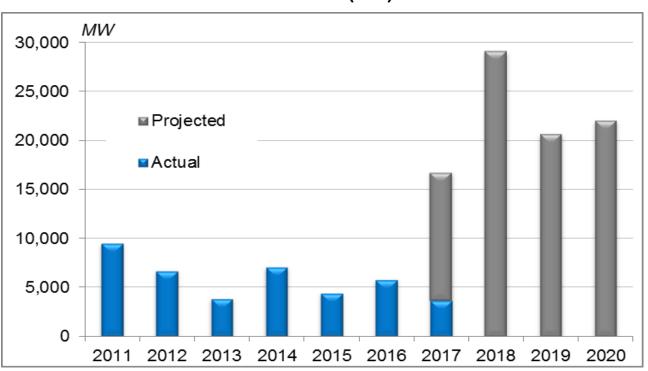
Source: EBW Analytics





#### **Power Sector Consumption Growing Rapidly**

# Combined-Cycle Generating Capacity Additions by Year, 2011–2020 (MW)



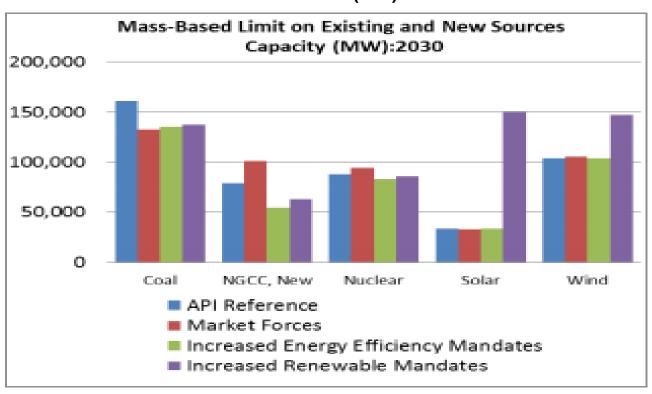
Source: EBW Analytics, Ventyx





#### Could Continue Even Without Clean Power Plan

# Scenarios for Natural Gas Combined-Cycle Capacity Growth, 2016–2030 (MW)



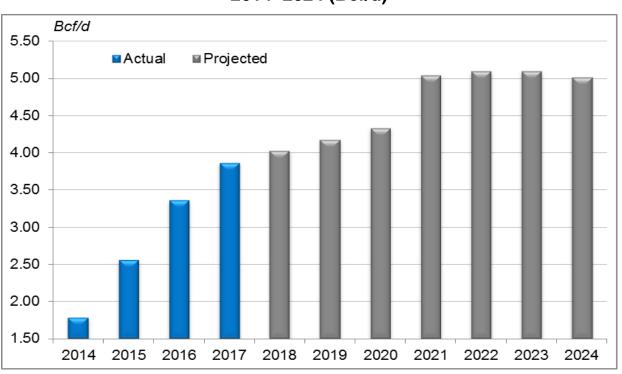
Source: API





#### **Mexican Exports Growing Rapidly**

U.S. Natural Gas Pipeline Exports to Mexico, 2014–2024 (Bcf/d)



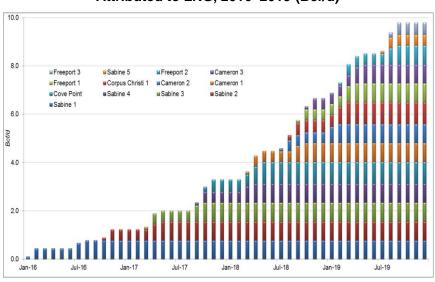
Source: EBW Analytics, EIA Annual Energy Outlook





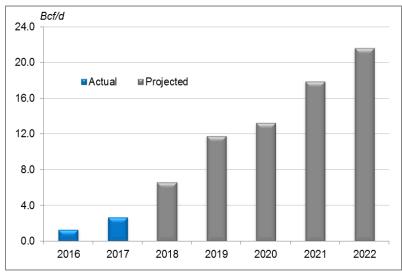
#### **LNG Exports Most Important Driver**

#### Projected Cumulative Growth in Natural Gas Demand Attributed to LNG, 2016–2019 (Bcf/d)



Source: Simmons, EBW AnalyticsGroup

#### Cumulative Natural Gas Demand for LNG Operations Including Potential Projects, 2016–2022 (Bcf/d)



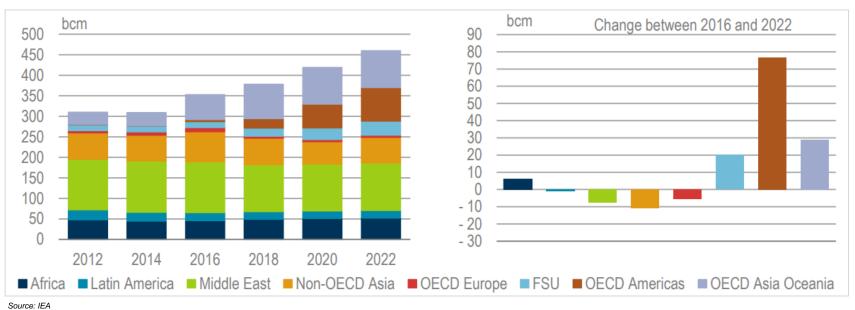
Source: EBW Analytics





#### **U.S. Now Linked to Global Market**

#### World LNG Exports by Region, 2012–2022

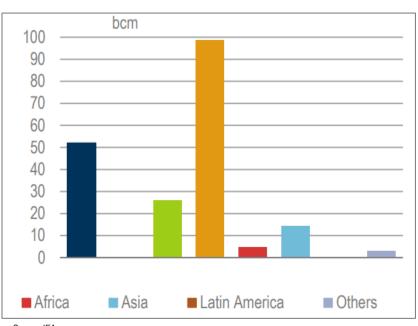


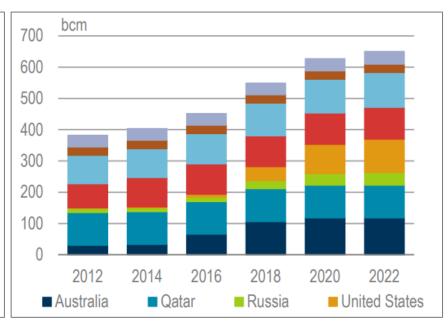




#### **Supply Surging**

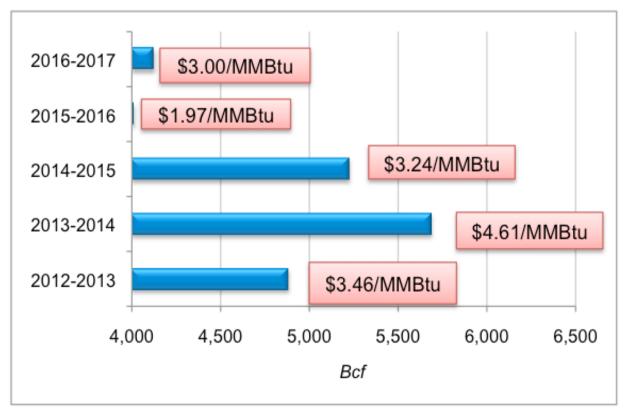
#### **Global LNG Export Capacity, 2012–2022**





Source: IEA

# Space Heating Demand (Bcf) and Average Henry Hub Price (\$/MMBtu), Last Five Winters

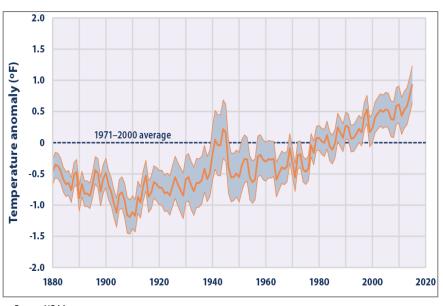


Source: EBW AnalyticsGroup



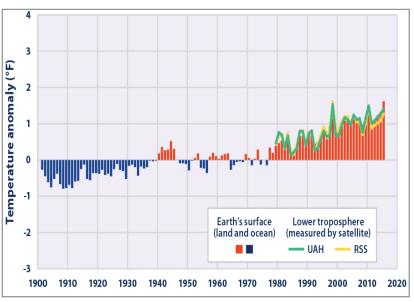
#### **Climate Crisis**

#### **Average Global Sea Surface Temperature, 1880-2015**



#### Source: NOAA

#### **Temperatures Worldwide, 1901-2015**



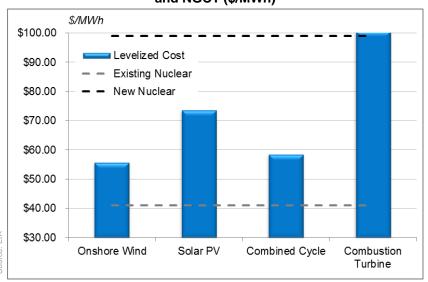
Source: NOAA



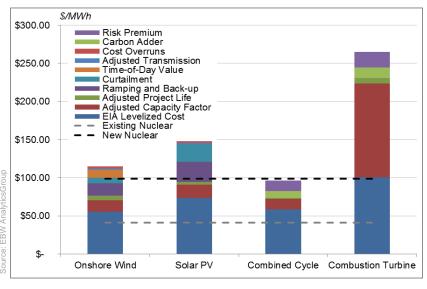


#### **EIA Least Cost of Energy (LCOE) Comparisons Misleading**

#### EIA LCOE Calculations for Onshore Wind, Solar PV, NGCC and NGCT (\$/MWh)



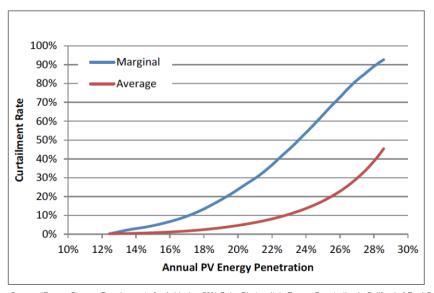
#### **Adjusted Levelized Cost of Energy Metrics**

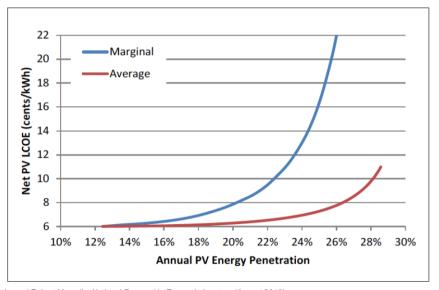






#### Average and Marginal PV Curtailment and Net LCOE in Base Scenario





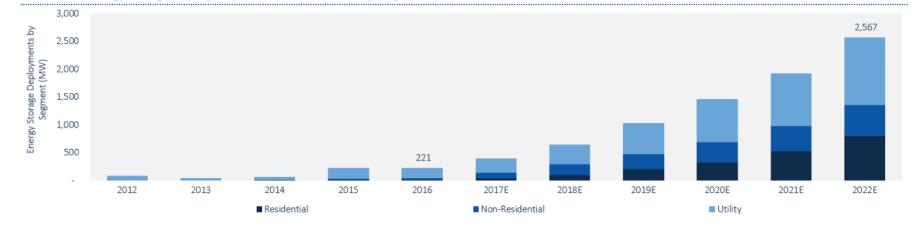
Source: "Energy Storage Requirements for Achieving 50% Solar Photovoltaic Energy Penetration in California," Paul Denholm and Robert Margolis, National Renewable Energy Laboratory (August 2016)



#### **Growth in Electricity Storage**

#### U.S. Energy Storage Annual Deployments Will Reach 2.6 GW by 2022

#### U.S. Annual Energy Storage Deployment Forecast, 2012-2022E (MW)

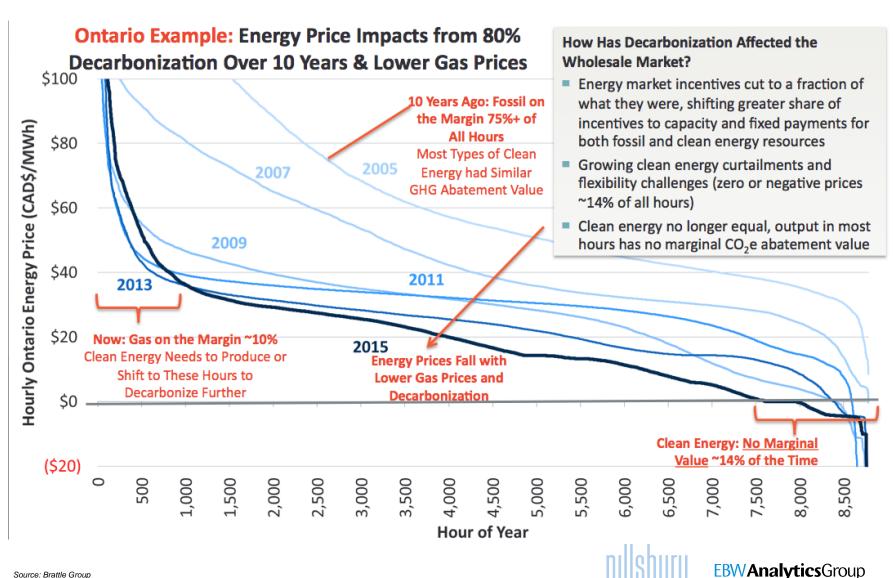


Source: GTM





# What Might the Future Look Like with a Large Share of State-Supported Clean Energy?





Thank you for your time.





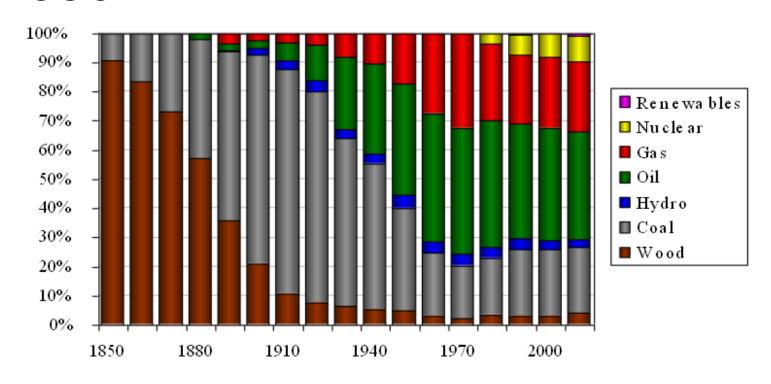
# **Future Use of Natural Gas**

July 17, 2017

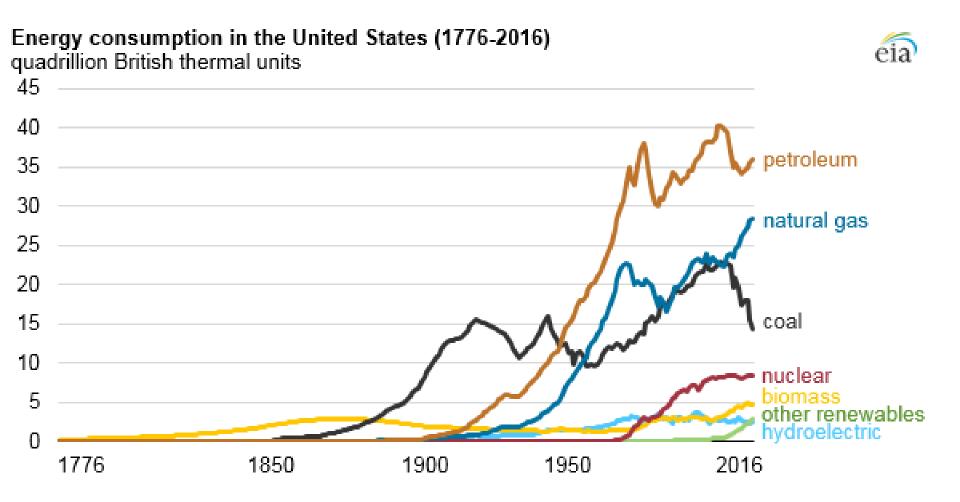
Steven Weissman, Lecturer
UC Berkeley Goldman School of Public Policy



# U.S. Energy Supply Since 1850



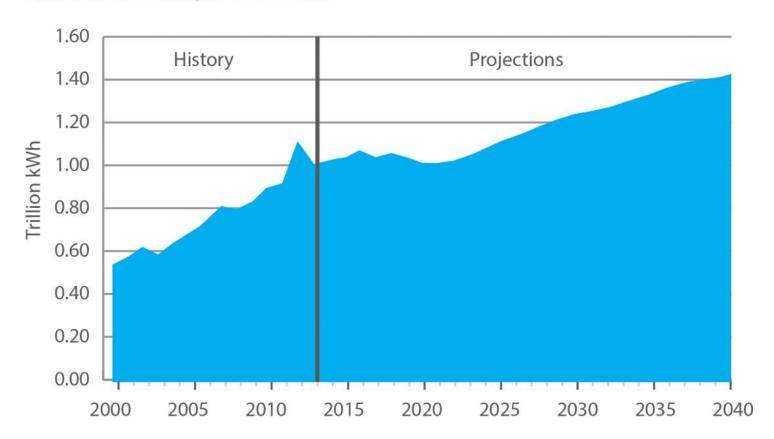
# Energy Consumption in U.S. 1776-2016





# Natural Gas Electricity Generation

Figure 2: Natural Gas Electricity Generation: EIA AEO2015 Reference Case, 2000–2040

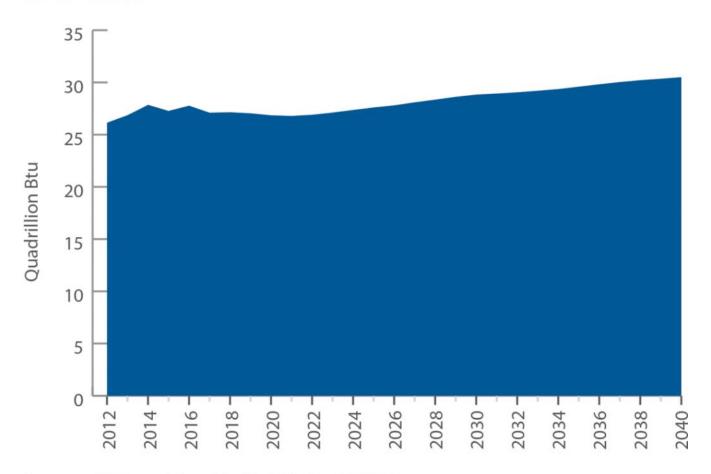


Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), 2015.



# Projected Total U.S. Natural Gas Consumption

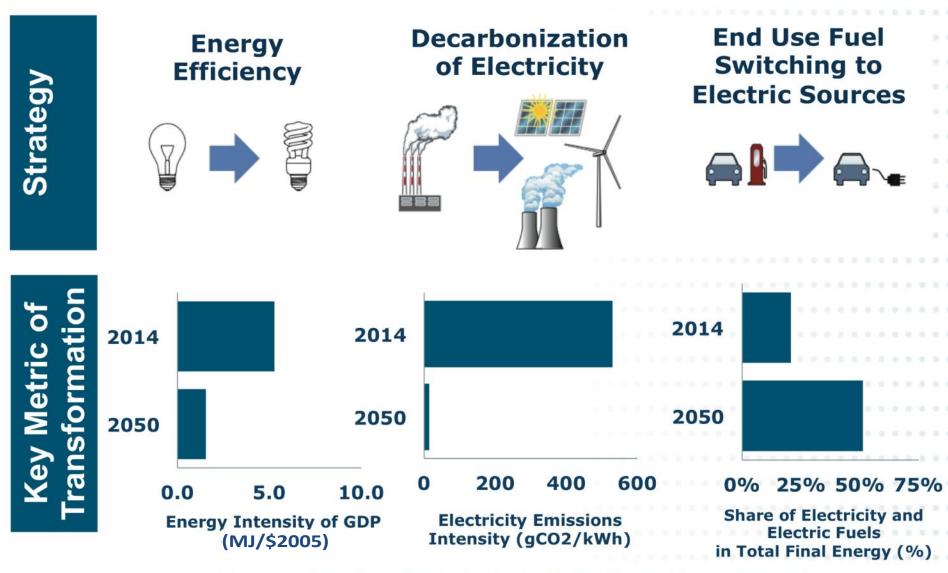
Figure 5: Total Natural Gas Consumption (in quadrillion Btu), 2012–2040



Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), 2015.



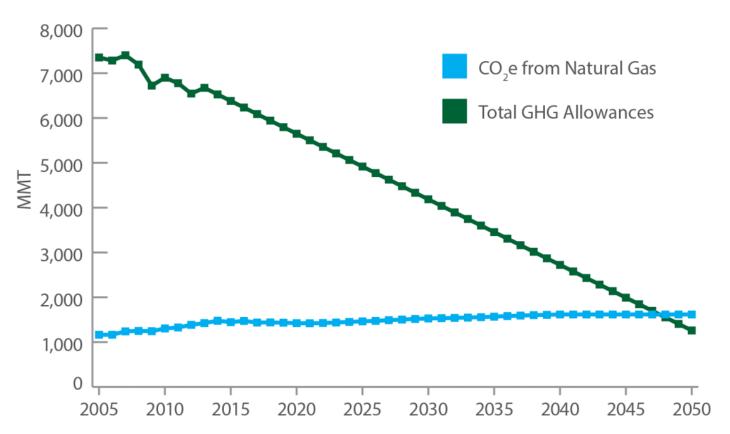
# Result: Three Pillars Required In All Deep Decarbonization Scenarios



Pathways to Deep Decarbonization in the United States, Mixed case results

# Total CO<sub>2</sub>e from Natural Gas

Figure 8: CO<sub>2</sub>e from Natural Gas vs. Total Greenhouse Gas Allowances\*

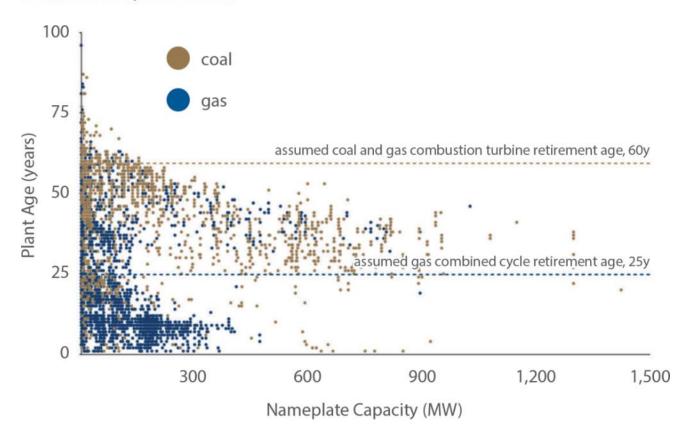


<sup>\*</sup>The total natural gas consumption rate ( $CO_2$ e) is derived from EIA data for National Energy Consumption by Sector and Source. The conversion factor used to determine MMT is 0.1 mmBtu/1 therm × 14.46 kg C/mmBtu × 44 kg  $CO_2$ /12 kg C × 1 metric ton/1,000 kg = 0.005302 metric tons  $CO_2$ /therm. The excel data is provided by the EIA Annual Energy Outlook 2015: Website access: http://www.eia.gov/forecasts/aeo/.



# Age & Capacity of Gas Plants Operating in 2011

Figure 6: Age and Capacity of Operating U.S. Coal and Gas-fired Generators, Fall 2011



Source: Rocky Mountain Institute © 2011. For more information see www.RMI.org/ReinventingFire.



#### Timeline for New Gas-fired Power Plants

Figure 7: Typical Timelines for Natural Gas Power Plants
Application Filed in 2016



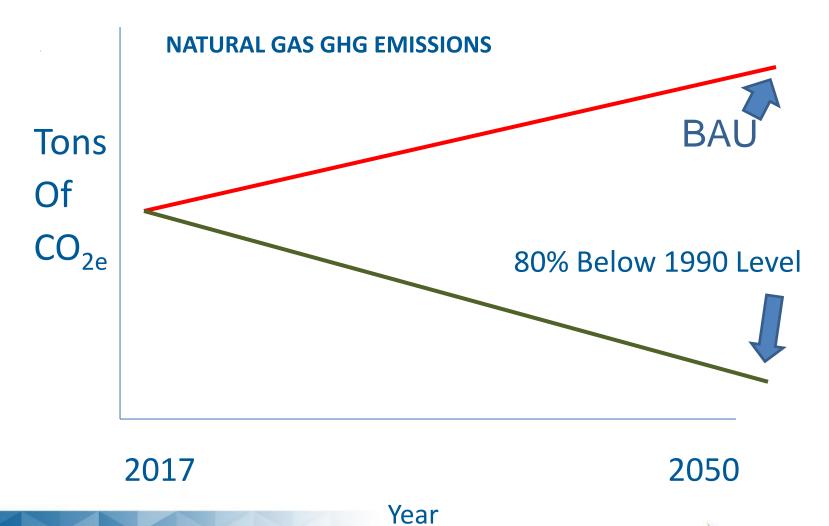


# Critical Steps and Legal Pathways to Phasing Out Fossil Fuel

- 1. Planning is key
- 2. State limits on coal and gas(?)) use
- 3. Banning the use of fossil fuels
- 4. Limiting GHG emissions
- 5. Setting an effective price on carbon
- 6. Internalizing cost through environ. compliance
- 7. Closing or divesting government-owned plants



# Starting to Plan



# LADWP Reconsiders Repowering Plans

#### Potential Alternatives may Include...

- Repowering of OTC Units at a Reduced or Requisite Capacity
- Renewable Energy Resources with Energy Storage System
- Transmission Line(s) Improvement Only
- Repowering of OTC Units as Originally Planned
- Transmission Line(s) Improvement with Energy Storage System
- Deployment of Distributed Energy Resources (Energy Efficiency, Demand Response, PV solar, Electric Vehicle Charging, Energy Storage)
- Combination of Any of the Above or Any Other Viable Alternatives





## CA Energy Commission Reconsiders Puente Project

# Objective of this Moorpark Subarea Local Capacity Alternative Study

- Objective of this ISO study is to identify and evaluate potential resource portfolio alternatives to the Puente Project to meet the local resource adequacy need in the Moorpark area
- The study is performed for the purpose of informing the CEC's proceeding regarding NRG's application to construct the Puente Project
- The study will be based on the parameters and assumptions stipulated in the CEC order regarding the study
- The study does not assess the cost, timing or feasibility of procurement of the alternative resources



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### CA Energy Commission Reconsiders Puente Project

#### Resource portfolio options

Resource	Maximum capacity (MW)	Output Characteristics
EE (with new measures; includes permanent load shift products)	15 MW (see Note 1)	constant
Demand response (load reduction/behind the meter energy storage)	80 MW	4-hour
PV solar/energy storage hybrid	25 MW	7-hour
Storage enabled existing slow- responding demand response	~ 30 MW	6-hour
Preferred resources total	150	
Battery storage	≥ 114 MW *	Minimum 4-hour
	* 150+114=264	

#### Notes:

- (1) As ~111 MW (2026) of additional achievable energy efficiency in the Moorpark area is already included in ISO studies based on information provided by the CEC, this 15 MW is assumed to contribute towards that additional achievable energy and not modeled in addition to the 111 MW.
- (2) The procurement viability, timing and cost of developing these resources is not part of the scope of this study



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