

TARIFF SYSTEM FOR NATURAL GAS STORAGE - DRAFT PROPOSAL

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CONTENTS:

- LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR GAS STORAGE TARIFF SYSTEM
- GOALS AND PRINCIPLES OF TARIFF SYSTEM
- CAPACITY INDICATORS FOR TARIFF STRUCTURE DESIGN
- > BUSINESS COSTS AND MAX. ALLOWED INCOME OF OGS
- > ALLOCATION OF MAXIMUM ALLOWED OGS INCOME
- CALCULATION OF GAS STORAGE TARIFF RATES
- > TOTAL INCOME OF OGS BASED ON TARIFF RATES
- EXAMPLE OF TARIFF SYSTEM APPLICATION

LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR TARIFF SYSTEM

Legal basis for Tariff system for natural gas storage, without tariff rates:

- Energy Act (OG 68/01, 177/04, 76/07), Art. 28
- Act on the Regulation of Energy Activities (OG 177/04, 76/07), Art. 9
- Market opening strategy: on 1 August 2008 market opening for all customers
- ➤ Principle of regulated third party access to underground gas storage (UGS) system based on published tariffs and access conditions
- ➤ Gas storage operator (OGS) has function of storage operation & maintenance & develop.
- > OGS has to refrain from discriminating between UGS users / operators, provide efficient access to UGS's capacities, contract usage of UGS capacities
- > Tariff methodology: HERA proposal & approval, Ministry/UGS opinion
- ➤ Tariff rates: UGS or HERA proposal, HERA or UGS opinion, Ministry proposal to Government, Government approval, HERA app. supervision

Tariff system defines:

- tariff methodology principles and criteria for tariff rates regulation,
- > structure of UGS tariff elements and rates,
- ➤ data (opex, capex, macroeconomic parameters, risk rates & indicators) and documentation needed to determine costs and max. allowed OGS income,
- > justified costs of operation, maintenance, replacement, construction, reconstruction, reasonable return on regulated assets,
- criteria for determining maximum allowed income and its allocation.

GOALS AND PRINIPLES OF TARIFF SYSTEM

- ➤ Tariff system shall be based on justified costs of operation, maintenance, replacement, construction or reconstruction of facilities, taking in account a reasonable return period for investments in energy plants, facilities or system.
- The base principal of method of regulation is rate of return regulation / cost plus method.
- Total yearly income of OGS realised by application of tariff rates should cover the acknowledged total costs (cost-based) and enable return on regulated assets.
- Tariff elements are: reserved UGS volume, usage/working of storage capacity, injection/send-in capacity, withdrawal/send-out capacity, gas cushion & losses volume & services.
- ➤ USG structure of rates: capacity reservation (volume, injection capacity, withdrawal capacity), commodity (volumetric injection, volumetric withdrawal), fuel usage (own consumption & operation and cushion & losses gas).
- ➤ Minimal value of volume capacity that one user can reserve and contract is a unit block of UGS volume attributed with unit blocks of max. hourly injection and withdrawal capacities and unit block of gas cushion & losses volume.
- Tariff system elements and tariff rates shall enable transparent calculation of costs for the billing period.

CAPACITY INDICATORS FOR TARIFF STRUCTURE DESIGN

- Total working circle duration: t_{rci} = t_u + t_p
- Total UGS volume capacity: V_{uk}
- Volume of cushion gas: V_{vpi}
- Total UGS working volume capacity: V_{rad} = V_{uk} V_{vpi}
- ➤ Total UGS working volume capacity for users: V_{ras} = V_{rad} V_{ngo}
- ➤ Unit block of UGS volume : V_{brv}, is a portion of total UGS working volume capacity which amounts 1,... x 106 Sm3.
- Total number of unit blocks of UGS volume: K_{brv}=V_{ras} / V_{brv}
- Vinit block of max. hourly injection capacity: $C_{bmku} = C_{ukru} \times (V_{brv}/V_{ras})$ provided that: $C_{bmku} \ge V_{brv} / [(t_{minu} \times 24 + tu \times 24) / 2)]$ where minimum time of injection: $t_{minu} = V_{brv} / (C_{bmku} \times 24)$
- ▶ Unit block of max. hourly withdrawal capacity: $C_{bmkp} = C_{ukrp} \times (V_{brv}/V_{ras})$ provided that: $C_{bmkp} \ge V_{brv} / [(t_{minp} \times 24 + tp \times 24) / 2)]$ where minimum time of withdrawal: $t_{minp} = V_{brv} / (C_{bmkp} \times 24)$

BUSINESS COSTS AND MAX. ALLOWED INCOME OF OGS (1)

- Allowed maximum income of OGS in next / regulatory / year (n=1):
- without gas cushion & losses services (purchase and supply):

$$PDP_{vp,n=1} = PUTP_{vp,n=1} + PRI_{n=1}$$

- with gas cushion & losses services (purchase and supply):

$$PDP_{pg,n=1} = PUTP_{pg,n=1} + PRI_{n=1}$$

where

PUTP_{vp,n=1} - acknowledged costs of OGS in next year PRI_{n=1} - allowed return on regulated assets in next year

- Acknowledged costs of OGS in next year / regulatory year (n=1): :
- without gas cushion & losses services (purchase and supply):

$$PUTP_{vp,n=1} = (OT_{n=0} + AM_{n=0}) \times (1 + srpc_{n=0} / 100) + TPVP_{n=1} + ZPN_{n=1}$$

- with gas cushion & losses services (purchase and supply):

$$PUTP_{pg,n=1} = (OT_{n=0} + AM_{n=0}) \times (1 + srpc_{n=0} / 100) + TPVP_{n=1} + TPPG_{n=1} + ZPN_{n=1}$$

where

OT_{n=0} - justified operating costs

AM_{n=0} - depreciation of regulated assets

 $srpc_{n=0}$ - index of price rise (consumer or producer price index)

TPVP_{n=1}- cost of gas for UGS own consumption & operation

ZPN_{n=1}- cost of municipal economy dues and liabilities charge

 $\mathsf{TPPG}_{\mathsf{n=1}}$ - cost of gas for cushion & losses services

BUSINESS COSTS AND MAX. ALLOWED INCOME OF OGS (2)

➤ Realised or estimated justified operating UGS's costs, without gas cushion & losses services (purchase and supply):

$$OT_{n=0} = MTUE_{n=0} + TTIO_{n=0} + TO_{n=0} + TP_{n=0} + OS_{n=0}$$

where

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{MTUE}_{n=0} \text{ - cost of UGS maintenance / operation / energy / other services} \\ \textbf{TTIO}_{n=0} \text{ - cost of operational investment and extraordinary expenses} \\ \textbf{TO}_{n=0} \text{ - cost of insurance of assets} \\ \textbf{TP}_{n=0} \text{ - costs of gross salaries and contributions to gross salaries} \\ \textbf{OS}_{n=0} \text{ - other operational costs} \end{array}$

Allowed return on regulated UGS assets of in next year:

$$PRI_{n=1} = RS_{pros} \times pspi / 100$$

where

$$\begin{split} &RS_{pros} = (\ RS_{poc} + RS_{kraj}) \ / \ 2 \ - \ average \ value \ of \ regulated \ UGS \ assets \\ &RS_{poc} \ / \ RS_{kraj} - \ value \ of \ regulated \ UGS \ assets \ at \ beginning \ / end \ of \ year \\ &RS_{kraj} = RS_{poc} + NI_{n=0} - AM_{n=0} - SPBN_{n=0} - ORS_{n=0} \\ &SPBN_{n=0} - means \ \& \ assets \ received \ without \ duties \ \& \ charges \\ &ORS_{n=0} - written \ off \ means \ \& \ assets \\ &pspi = K_e \times E \ / \ (E + D \) + K_d \times D \times (1 - spd \ / \ 100 \) \ / \ (E + D \) \ average \ rate \ of \ return \ on \ assets, \ after \ taxation \\ &K_e = R_f + R_p - approved \ rate \ of \ return \ on \ equity, \ Kd - return \ on \ debt \\ &R_f - risk \ free \ rate, \ R_p - risk \ premium \end{split}$$

ALLOCATION OF MAXIMUM ALLOWED OGS INCOME

➤ Portion of allowed maximum OGS income in next year from reservation of injection and withdrawal UGS capacities:

$$TZKK_{n=1} = (TO_{n=0} + AM_{n=0}) \times (1 + srpc_{n=0} / 100) + PRI_{n=1}$$

- portion of allowed income from reservation of max. injection hourly/day capacity:

$$TZKU_{n=1} = TZKK_{n=1} \times [(C_{ukru} \times t_u / (C_{ukru} \times t_u + C_{ukrp} \times t_p)]$$

- portion of allowed income from reservation of max. withdrawal hourly/day capacity:

$$TZKP_{n=1} = TZKK_{n=1} \times [(C_{ukrp} \times t_p / (C_{ukru} \times t_u + C_{ukrp} \times t_p)]$$

➤ Portion of allowed maximum OGS income in next year from reservation and usage of working UGS volume capacity:

$$TZKRV_{n=1} = (PDP_{vp,n=1} - TZKK_{n=1})$$

- portion of allowed income from reservation of working volume capacity:

$$TZRV_{n=1} = (TZKRV_{n=1} - TPVP_{n=1})/2$$

- portion of allowed income in next year from usage off working UGS volume:

$$TKRV_{n=1} = TZKRV_{n=1} - TZRV_{n=1}$$

- portion of allowed income from injected gas volume:

$$TKRVU_{n=1} = (TKRV_{n=1} + TPVP_{n=1}) / 2$$

- portion of allowed income from withdrawn gas volume:

$$TKRVP_{n=1} = TKRV_{n=1} - TKRVU_{n=1}$$

➤ Portion of allowed maximum OGS income in next year from gas for cushion & losses services (purchase & supply):

TPPG_{n=1} - cost of gas for cushion & losses services (estimated)

CALCULATION OF GAS STORAGE TARIFF RATES

UGS tariff rates (charges):

for reserved working UGS volume capacity (monthly charge):

$$T_{mzrv} = [TZRV_{n=1} / (V_{ras} / 1000)] / 12, [kn/1000 Sm3]$$

for monthly injected gas volume:

$$T_{mku} = TKRVU_{n=1} / (V_{ras} / 1000), [kn/1000 Sm3]$$

for monthly withdrawn gas volume:

$$T_{mkp} = TKRVP_{n=1} / (V_{ras} / 1000), [kn/1000 Sm3]$$

for gas cushion & losses services (gas wholesale, transport, taxation and supply services):

$$T_{omg} = TPPG_{n=1} / QOMG = TJN + TJT, [kn/Sm3]$$

for reserved and used max. hourly/daily injection capacity:

$$T_{mzkku} = TZKU_{n=1} / [(C_{ukru} \times t_u \times 12) / (t_u + t_p)], [kn/m3/sat]$$

for reserved and used max. hourly/daily withdrawal capacity:

$$T_{mzkkp} = TZKP_{n=1} / [(C_{ukrp} \times t_p \times 12) / (t_u + t_p)], [kn/m3/sat]$$

TOTAL INCOME OF OGS BASED ON TARIFF RATES (1)

Expected income of OGS in next / regulatory / year (n=1) calculated with proposed / approved UGS tariff rates:

if portion of income from gas cushion & losses services is excluded:

$$DP' = \sum_{m=1}^{12} \sum_{k=1}^{K} \left(V_{k}^{zrv} x T_{mzrv} + V_{m,k}^{mut} x T_{mku} + V_{m,k}^{mpov} x T_{mkp} + C_{m,k}^{zku} x T_{mzkku} x k_{m}^{u} \right) + C_{m,k}^{zkp} x T_{mzkkp} x k_{m}^{p}$$

if portion of income from gas cushion & losses services is included:

$$DP'' = DP' + \sum_{m=1}^{12} \sum_{k=1}^{K} (Q_{mk}^{omg} x T_{omg})$$

where

mutual relations of injection vs withdrawal days in month

$$k_m^u = d_m^u / (d_m^u + d_m^p)$$

$$k_{m}^{p} = d_{m}^{p} / (d_{m}^{u} + d_{m}^{p})$$

dum - number of injection days in month

d_m - number of injection days in month

TOTAL INCOME OF OGS BASED ON TARIFF RATES (2)

Basic condition: expected income of OGS in next regulatory year calculated with proposed / approved UGS tariff rates may not surpass allowed maximum income of OGS in next regulatory year:

if portion of income from gas cushion & losses services is excluded:

$$\mathsf{DP'} \leqslant \mathsf{PDP_{vp,n=1}}$$

> if portion of income from gas cushion & losses services is included:

EXAMPLE OF TARIFF SYSTEM APPLICATION (1)

Note: Calculation done with estimated data!

Tariff rates (charges) allocated to various services offered by OGS:

for reserved working UGS volume capacity (monthly charge):

$$T_{mzrv} = 1,5382 \text{ kn}/1000 \text{ Sm}3$$

> for monthly injected gas volume:

$$T_{mku} = 19,8925 \text{ kn}/1000 \text{ Sm}$$

for monthly withdrawn gas volume:

$$T_{mkp} = 9,2294 \text{ kn}/1000 \text{ Sm}3$$

for gas cushion & losses services (gas wholesale, transport, taxation and supply services):

$$T_{omg} = 1,190 \text{ kn/Sm3}$$

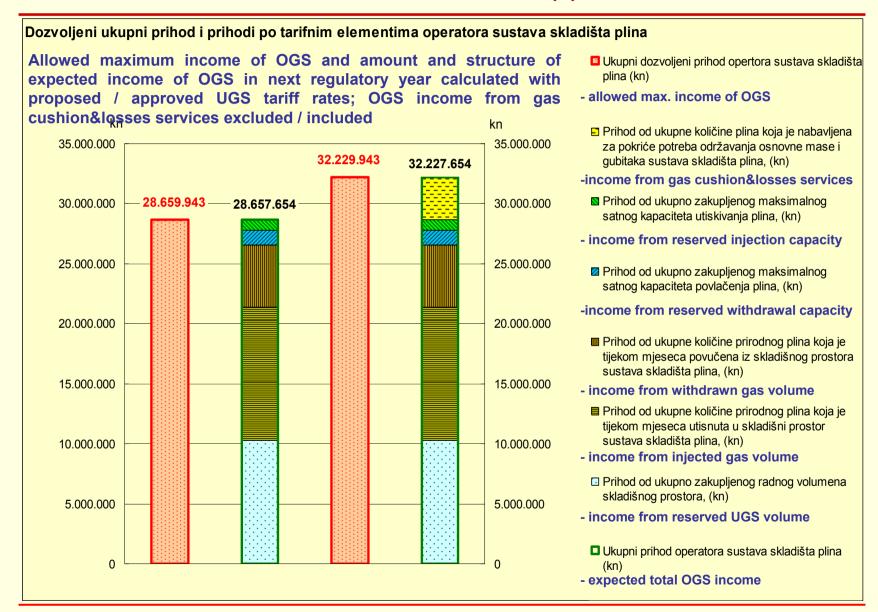
for reserved and used max. hourly/daily injection capacity:

$$T_{mzkku} = 0.8787 \text{ kn/m}3/\text{h}$$

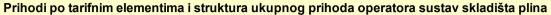
for reserved and used max. hourly/daily withdrawal capacity:

$$T_{mzkkp} = 0.8787 \text{ kn/m}3/\text{h}$$

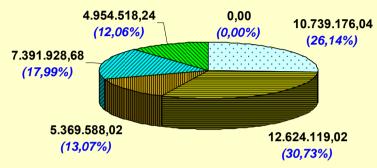
EXAMPLE OF TARIFF SYSTEM APPLICATION (2)



EXAMPLE OF TARIFF SYSTEM APPLICATION (3)



(bez prihoda od nabave/prodaje plina za pokriće potreba osnovne mase i gubitaka plina u sustavu skladišta plina)

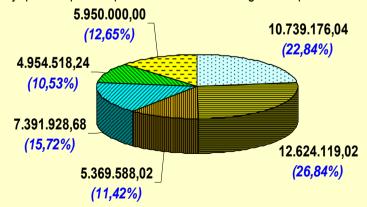


Allowed maximum OGS income and amount and structure expected OGS income in next vear calculated with proposed / approved **UGS** tariff rates; OGS income from gas cushion&losses excluded

- ☐ Prihod od ukupno zakupljenog radnog volumena skladišnog prostora, (kn)
- Prihod od ukupne količine prirodnog plina koja je tijekom mjeseca utisnuta u skladišni prostor sustava skladišta plina, (kn)
- Prihod od ukupne količine prirodnog plina koja je tijekom mjeseca povučena iz skladišnog prostora sustava skladišta plina, (kn)
- Prihod od ukupno zakupljenog maksimalnog satnog kapaciteta povlačenja plina, (kn)
- Prihod od ukupno zakupljenog maksimalnog satnog kapaciteta utiskivanja plina, (kn)
- ☐ Prihod od ukupne količine plina koja je nabavljena za pokriće potreba održavanja osnovne mase i gubitaka sustava skladišta plina, (kn)

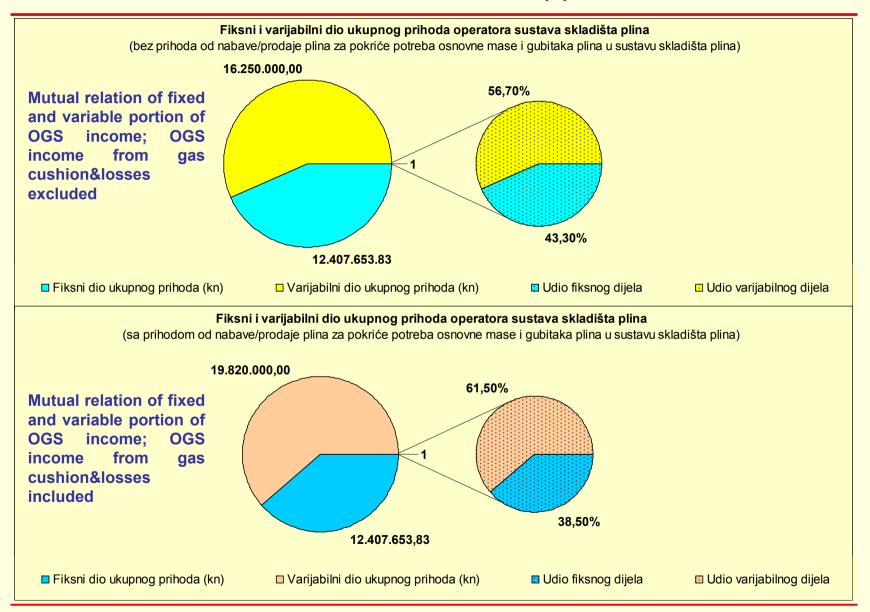
Prihodi po tarifnim elementima i struktura ukupnog prihoda sustava skladišta plina

(sa prihodom od nabave/prodaje plina za pokriće potreba osnovne mase i gubitaka plina u sustavu skaldišta plina)



Allowed maximum OGS income and amount and structure expected OGS income in next vear calculated with proposed / approved **UGS** tariff rates: OGS income from gas cushion&losses included

EXAMPLE OF TARIFF SYSTEM APPLICATION (4)





Thank you for your kind attention!

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