Session Six:

Structural Changes in the Market





Philip D. Moeller
Commissioner
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

My Personal Opinions

- **My remarks today may not represent the official views of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), nor do they necessarily represent the views of any other Commissioners.**
- **⇒** The Commission acts by issuance of formal orders which impact individual energy companies, and the energy industry generally.
- ➡ When asked by the United States Congress, the Commission will provide its views on legislative initiatives under consideration.

Legislative Proposals for the FERC

- ⇒ In the US, significant energy legislation remains under consideration by the U.S. Congress. If enacted, these proposals could have fundamental impacts on wholesale markets.
- Climate change continues to be a focus of the U.S. Congress, with additional focus on renewable energy standards for electric power production, and the siting of long-distance transmission by the FERC.
- **⇒** The FERC has had longstanding authority to site and authorize natural gas pipelines involved in interstate transmission.

Continuing Regulation of Wholesale Markets

- ⇒ Regional wholesale markets continue to evolve in ways unique to each.
- ➡ Wholesale power prices in organized markets were dramatically lower in 2009.
- Some critics continue to argue that organized markets do not produce just and reasonable rates.

Proposed Policies and Rules at the FERC

- Sweeping proposals at the FERC for compensating demand response have the potential to significantly affect the continued evolution of wholesale markets.
- The FERC is moving toward rules or policies on:
 (1) improving the integration of renewable energy,
 (2) allocating the cost of developing long-distance
 transmission lines, (3) and the "smart grid"
 proposals of the National Institute of Standards and
 Technology (NIST).