

SERC – STRUCTURE, FUNCTIONS, AND MAIN ACTIVITIES

Prof. KONSTANTIN SHUSHULOV Chairman of SERC

May 18-24, 2002

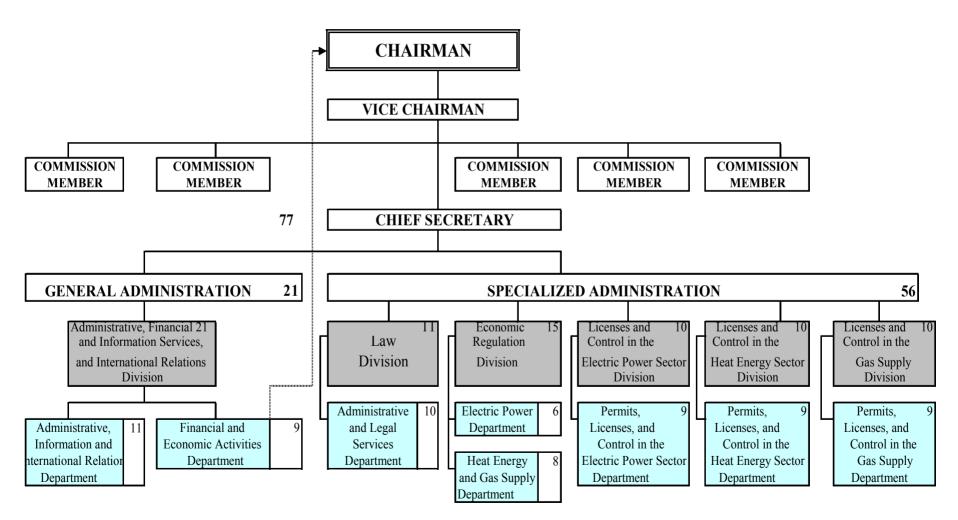


On 10 of September 1999 the SERC is established by an Order of the Council of Ministers N 181

Structure:

- 7 Commissioners, including the chairman and vicechairman;
- 85 employees, the Commissioners included;
- 6 Division, 5 Specialized Administration Divisions and 1 General Administration Division;
- Specialized Administration 56 persons;
- 11 jurists;
- 15 economists;
- 30 engineers;





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Main principles in the work of the SERC:

- Balance between the interests of the energy companies and the consumers;
- Incentives for greater efficiency of the energy companies subject to price regulation;
- Non-discrimination in the relations between producers, distributors, and consumers;





Main principles in the work of the SERC:

- Economically grounded expenses, including the expenses for:
 - a) maintenances of back-up capacities;
 - b) supply and maintenance of fuel reserves;
 - c) energy efficiency, environmental protection and nuclear safety;





Main principles in the work of the SERC:

- d) radioactive waste storage and decommissioning of nuclear facilities;
- e) repair schedules and economically justified investment programs;
- Reasonable rate of return;
- Prohibition of cross-subsidies.

The Authorities of the SERC

Issues permits and licenses for:

- heat and/or power generation
- transmission of heat, power and natural gas
- power and natural gas distribution
- transition and storage of natural gas





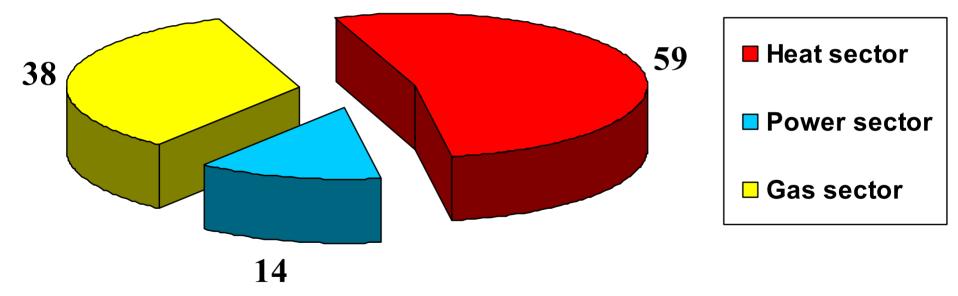
The Authorities of the SERC

- Controls the terms of permits and licenses
- Approves the energy prices
- Prepares the secondary energy legislation

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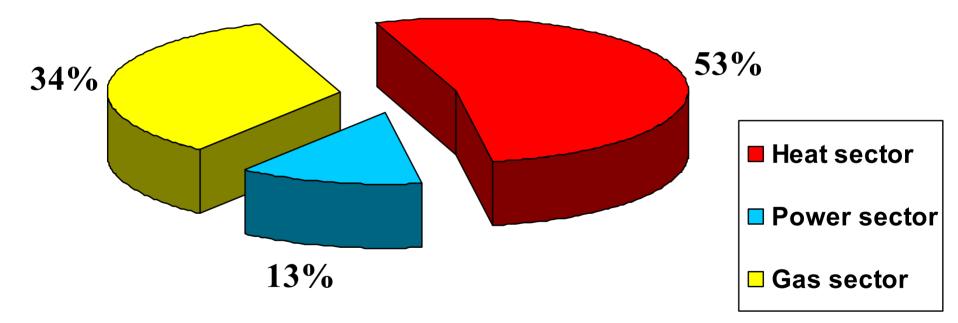


Licenses issued by SERC – total 111



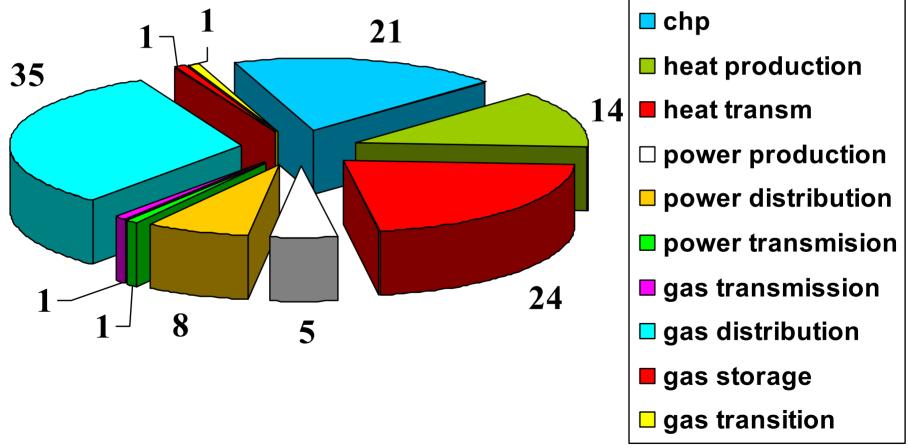


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International Activities

- Co-operation with the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC), USA, and the United States Agency for International Development (USAID)
- Active participation in the Energy Regulators Regional Association of the Central/Eastern European and Newly Independent States region (ERRA) and the Standing Committees
- European integration:
 - a) Programs: PHARE 2000, SARA 2 etc.;
 - b) Working group № 14 *Energy Sector* preparation for EU accession

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International Activities Funded Projects

- PHARE 2000 project "Institution Building at the SERC" expected to start in September 2002
- The World Bank's project Development of Tender Procedures for Selection of Investors for Natural Gas Distribution Networks – expected to start in June 2002
- SERC's experts' involvement in the Stability Pact's project "Southeastern Europe Electrical System Technical Support" (SEETEC) - funded by the Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA)



International Activities Main Priorities

The SERC's foreign activities are focused on:

- Strengthening the position of the SERC as an operating regulatory body in the restructuring of the energy sector;
- Preparation for integrating with the European energy markets.



Energy Reform Main Purposes

- Increasing the private sector share
- Improving the energy efficiency
- Implementing competition rules for and quality standarts
- Synchronizing the Bulgarian legislation with the EU one

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Results

- Applicable regulatory frames
- Stimulating regulatory regime
- Fair allocation of benefits
- Avoiding unauthorized activities concerning the monopoly position of energy companies
- Effective investment allocation between energy subsectors
- Regulator's Responsibilities
- Security and predictability in the sector