

Role and functions of EPIAS in Turkish power market

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History and today

EPIAS has a long history

- A draft for amendment of 4628 Electricity Market Law (EML) was prepared by EMRA and sent to Ministry of Energy to create EPİAŞ in 2008.
- Initially EPIAS's name was Electricity Market Operations Company
 - It was discussed that an idea of creating an energy market operator with a change in the EML could be found controversial.
 - Later on after Turkey experienced natural gas shortage in 2012 Winter the need for a natural gas spot and exchange was generally accepted and EPIAS become Energy Market Operations Company



History and today

- Later 2008 draft evolved to be a major amendment draft for EML due to further needs and finally it was decided that a new Law instead of an extensive amendment would be structurally more robust.
- 6446 (new) EML has emerged and was enacted on March 14, 2013



History and today

- EML stated that EPIAS has to be established in 6 months following the enactment of the Law and overtake operations in another 6 months time.
- □ Share holder structure 30% TEIAS (TSO) 30% BIST (stock exchange) and 40% private sector companies. TEIAS is to transfer %15 of the shares to BOTAS (natural gas system operator) as EPIAS will also run natural gas markets in the future
- ☐ The process delayed as there was a Higher Planning Board decision prohibiting any public company (in this case TEIAS) to have more than 15% shares in a private company.



EPIAS Roles and Responsibilities

- EPIAS was finally established March 2015.
- Licensed and overtook operations from TEIAS on September 1, 2015.
- The Operations EPIAS undertook:
 - Market operations of:
 - DAM
 - Intraday
 - Settlement of:
 - Balancing Power Market
 - Ancillary Services Market
 - Eligible Customer operation
 - Database
 - Switching agency



EPIAS Roles and Responsibilities

EPIAS will also:

- Under current regulation:
 - Calculate Maximum and Minimum Bid prices for dayahead and balancing power markets
 - Surveillance of the markets

Envisaged regulations for the future:

- Calculate profiles for consumers without hourly meters
- Calculate Collateral requirements for the market participants and manage the risk fund
- Manage the registration process
- Handle most of the objections from consumers and market participants

EPIAS Roles and Responsibilities for CBT

- As of now EPIAS does not have many responsibilities regarding import and export activities.
 - Synchronous parallel interconnections are registered on TEIAS
 - TEİAS is responsible from imbalances of these points.
 - Capacity owners have the right to nominate flows to the day-ahead market and they can either sell it in dayahead market or bilaterally to a counterpart.
 - Asynchronous parallel connections are registered on the company/companies which has/have acquired capacity rights.
 - Imbalances are passed through the companies.









Thank You ierten@epdk.org.tr

